

ANTWERP IS UNDER FIRE

Germans Turn Guns on Belgian City.

PEOPLE ARE FLEEING

Believed Defending Forces Cannot Repulse Invaders.

The Hague, Oct. 9.—Communication with Antwerp is interrupted. The city is known to be under a terrific bombardment from all sides.

Following refusal of their demand for the surrender of the city the Germans, who previously had confined their fire to the encircling chain of forts, turned their guns on the city itself.

They had given two hours' notice to the inhabitants to leave and thousands flocked out in utter panic. The roads to the Dutch frontier are littered with household goods, clothing and personal belongings of every character abandoned by the terrified Belgians.

The procession started orderly enough, but with the booming of the big guns panic followed in the crowds still near the city and they rushed madly ahead. Horses, wagons and automobiles were utilized for the flight, but there were hundreds who had to walk many miles over roads ankle deep in mud.

Reports from the city itself say great shells are dropping everywhere. Many houses have been destroyed. The Germans claim they have driven the Belgians from both the outer and inner line of fortifications.

Capture Many Batteries.
They claim they have taken four heavy batteries, fifty-two field guns and many machine guns after crossing the Nethe river. Fort Broeckelheim, the Germans claim, was taken by direct assault after having been bombarded for two days.

The Germans burned Liere before they crossed the Nethe. It is stated King Albert still remains in the city and is directing the defense, although all the archives of the government have been transferred to Ostend.

It is believed half the population of Antwerp has fled.

The ships in the harbor are being protected by display of both the Red Cross and American flags, as Consul General Diederich has taken them all under his protection.

It is generally believed that the Belgians can hardly hold out more than a couple of days at the most. They had considered their Nethe river positions absolutely impregnable, but they were utterly wrecked by the pounding of the heavy German shells.

The Belgians have strengthened their city fortifications by a series of earthworks on which they have mounted heavy guns. The fighting continues with losses heavy on both sides.

GERMANS DISPLAY RESOURCEFULNESS

London, Oct. 9.—The Germans have again displayed their resourcefulness by simultaneously bringing up strong reinforcements to the assistance of their much harried right wing in Northern France and by pushing their attack on Antwerp, from which place the Belgian government is reported to have removed, going to Ostend.

The reinforcements which were sent to the assistance of General von Kluck made a dramatic appearance in the vicinity of Lille, preceded by a large force of cavalry. This, which is an evidence that the German capacity for resistance on the allies' left is not exhausted, has the tendency to extend the battle line still further northward toward the Belgian frontier, where, according to a French communication, a violent battle continues. The opposing forces are extending into the regions of Lens and Lebassee and are prolonged by masses of cavalry which are in action up into the Almentilles district, right on the Belgian frontier.

SEEKS HARMONY, NOT WAR

United States Has No Idea of Helping Carranza or Villa.

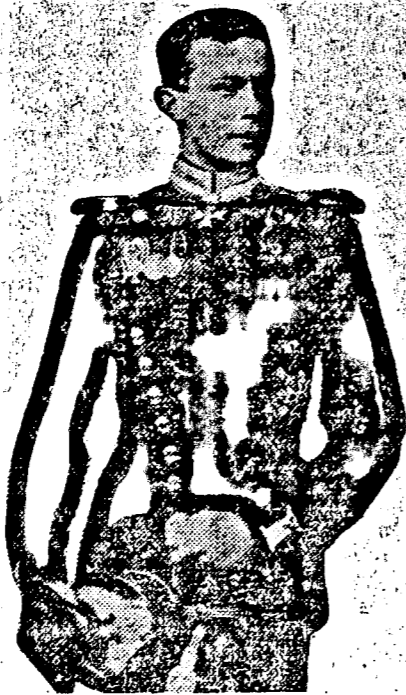
Washington, Oct. 9.—Steps toward aiding the Mexican factions to restore harmony were outlined by President Wilson to Consul John R. Silliman, who left later for Mexico City. The consul again was told that the United States has no intention of championing the cause of either Carranza or Villa.

Officials here are confident that before Mr. Silliman reaches Mexico a start toward establishing a new government acceptable to all factions will have been made at the Aguas Calientes conference, which will open Saturday.

Pioneer want ads bring results.

PRINCE WILLIAM.

Deposed Ruler of Albania
Hopes to Regain Crown.



Prince William of Wied, former ruler of Albania, according to advices received from Berlin, in an address to his company of Uhlans said he hopes through their bravery to reconquer on the battlefield the crown of Albania.

FIGHTING LINE IN FRANCE EXTENDED

Paris, Oct. 9.—Operations by cavalry in force are reported from the north and in every instance it is stated the advantage is with the allies.

The allies moved steadily toward the Belgian frontier and are reported to have frustrated an attempt to cut their line of communication.

The battle line has been extended fully 100 miles from the Aisne to the Belgian frontier. That line is now held by the armies of Von Kluck, Von Boehm and Von Buelow, while rumors are current here that Crown Prince Ruprecht of Bavaria is in command of the reserve force that has been assembled in Belgium, another army having relieved his, which was in service on the French frontier.

The French along the Meuse continue to force the Germans back, military headquarters say, with comparatively light loss.

ARMIES IN FIELD SEE BATTLE IN THE AIR

Bordeaux, Oct. 9.—A duel in the air between a French and German aeroplane was fought in plain view of both armies, according to official dispatches received by the French war department.

The German had circled over the French position and was returning to his own lines when a French machine, piloted by Sergeant Frantz and accompanied by his mechanic, Quinault, suddenly shot into the air.

The German was headed off, and Frantz wounded the pilot and shot a hole in the big gas bag, which immediately took fire. The airship fell to the ground close to the French lines. The bodies of the aviators were found badly burned in the ruins of the airship.

SHOWS TERRIFIC NATURE OF FIGHTING.

On the Battle Front, Oct. 9.—The terrific nature of the fighting may be seen from the fact that one of the French infantry companies started the war with 190 men and a full complement of officers. Since then it has received drafts bringing the total up to 324. Today the company is composed of ninety men commanded by a sergeant, all the higher officers having disappeared.

Germany Extends Export Ban.

Berlin, Oct. 9.—The Reichs Anzeiger of Oct. 5 contains export prohibitions against copper and nickel ores, vegetable oil, fats, fresh and dried animal intestines, albumen and gutta serena.

Many Refugees in Holland.

London, Oct. 9.—The correspondent of the Times at Rotterdam confirms the report that there are 100,000 fugitives from Antwerp in Holland.

Major General Killed.

Berlin, Oct. 9.—Major General Augustus Zelman, commander of the Second Bavarian field artillery, was killed in action Sept. 26.

A new pineapple cannery in Hawaii has a daily capacity of 250,000 cans of fruit.

There are over 500 women doctors in England and Wales.

IN BEMIDJI

The Evidence Is Supplied by Local Testimony.

If the reader wants stronger proof than the following statement and experience of a resident of Bemidji, what can it be?

Mrs. D. G. Miller, 313 1-2 Second St., Bemidji, Minn., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills-off and on for the past four or five years whenever I have had trouble from my back or kidneys. I don't know what brought on the complaint unless it was hard work. I had backache and dull pains across my loins and I was bothered day and night. I also had a tired, languid feeling that robbed me of energy and I was caused annoyance by the kidney secretions. I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills and as they were highly recommended for kidney and bladder complaints, I got a box at Barker's Drug Store. They quickly relieved me of the pain in my back and toned up my kidneys. I am a poor hand to take medicine, but when I feel signs of kidney complaint coming on, I begin with Doan's Kidney Pills and they do good work."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Miller had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. —Adv.

RUSSIA EXPLAINS ARMY'S WITHDRAWAL

Petrograd, Oct. 9.—An official explanation of the withdrawal of the Russians in Galicia from the line of the River Donajec has been issued.

It was stated that the combined Austro-German army occupied a very strongly entrenched line extending from Kielce, in Russian Poland, south through Serguin to Neu Sandec. It was so strong that to take it by frontal assaults would result in frightful losses to the attacking army.

In consequence the Russians withdrew to make the Austrians accept battle in the open country. The ruse was successful, it is stated, and a new battle is in progress along lines far more favorable to the Russians.

The fighting is said to be very severe in the vicinity of the Vistula to the north of Serguin.

Meanwhile the bombardment of Przemysl by the heavy Russian artillery continues. Great breaches have been made in the walls of the fortifications while the Russian airmen who have flown over the city report that many houses have been destroyed by fire and that they saw many dead lying unburied in the streets.

TWO DIE IN DULUTH FIRE

Young Men Perish When Building Is Destroyed.

Duluth, Oct. 9.—Frank Leary, aged twenty-five years, and Bert Clark, aged twenty-three years, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the Harry Schapery bakery building.

Mr. and Mrs. Schapery lived in a flat over the bakery and had invited a number of their friends to a party. About midnight fire in the basement was discovered and soon the building was enveloped in flames.

Clark took the Schapery baby and with Leary and Henry Larson started for a back window. Mrs. Schapery stopped them and took the baby away and told them they could only get out the front way.

Clark and Leary, however, insisted on going the back way and were caught in the flames.

Occupation Only Temporary.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Official information that the occupation of the German Pacific islands by the Japanese is only temporary has been received from Tokio by the state department. The United States is assured the occupation is for military purposes only.

The Paris

THE STORE OF STYLE AND VALUE

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OUR buyer just returned from the east where he purchased the samples from several manufacturers at a very reduced price, which gives us the opportunity to offer them to the women of Bemidji and vicinity at prices never offered before.



HOUSE DRESSES
—In percales, ginghams, etc., only
10 dozen. Come early and pick your choice. Value \$1.25

59c

SILK WAISTS
—A FEW CREPE DE CHINE waists
in all colors. Values \$4.50

2.50

SILK PETTICOATS
—Only a few left at.....

75c

—some Worth 3.00.....

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SWEATERS
—A GOOD ASSORTMENT of sweaters in all colors and sizes, FROM.....

95c to 7.50

Suits

—FALL SUITS in black, navy, Copenhagen and many new shades. Values up to \$17.50, at.....
—SUITS, long and short coats, some skirts with Russian tunics and plaits. Values up to \$20.00
—FALL AND WINTER SUITS IN NEWEST MATERIALS and styles. Values up to \$22.50

8.95

10.95

12.95

Dresses

Such Values You Cannot Afford to Miss

—Only a few more wool serge and ratine dresses left; values \$5.00, at.....
—SILK and evening dresses at a price you can not buy the trimmings, at.....
—New basque and redingote dresses, some accordion pleated; values up to \$30.00

2.95

4.95

15.95

Coats

—New cape and plain material coats, values up to \$17.00
—Zibiline, broadcloth, bedford cord and many other new materials, some with military and plain collars, worth \$25.00, at.....
—COATS IN THE LATEST materials and styles, samples that are shown in New York and all through the east, at.....

9.95

12.95

17.50

Skirts

—In serge, basket cloth and bedford cord, at.....
—Skirts in new materials such as gabardine, etc., worth \$7.50

2.95

4.95

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